

NOAA OFFICE FOR COASTAL MANAGEMENT

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NOAA Disaster Response

February 6, 2025



Disaster Response Support



[CAMEO®](#)

Computer-Aided Management of Emergency Operations: A software suite designed to help prepare for and respond to chemical emergencies.

[GNOME](#)

General NOAA Operational Modeling Environment: A software modeling tool used to predict how oil and other pollutants might move and spread on the water.

[ERMA®](#)

Environmental Response Management Application: An online mapping tool integrating static and real-time data in an easy-to-use format for environmental responders and decision-makers.

[ESI Maps](#)

Environmental Sensitivity Index Maps: Provide a concise summary of coastal resources at risk for contamination.

[nowCOAST®](#)

A GIS-based online web mapping service that provides frequently updated weather and ocean observations, coastal and marine weather warnings and forecasts, and potential storm surge flooding maps.

[Digital Coast](#)

A NOAA-sponsored partnership and website focused on helping communities address coastal issues by providing tools, training and data on everything from economic data to satellite imagery.

[Storm QuickLook](#)

A product that provides a synopsis of near real-time oceanographic and meteorological observations at locations affected by a tropical cyclone.

[PORTS®](#)

Physical Oceanographic Real Time System: A NOS service to deliver real-time oceanographic and meteorological data designed primarily for mariners, but with applications for coastal management and emergency operations.

[IOOS®](#)

Integrated Ocean Observing System: A network of regional ocean observing systems designed to track, predict, manage and adapt to changes in the ocean, coastal and Great Lakes environment.





Site

(Aided Management of Emergency Operations) software products have been valuable hazardous materials response and planning tools since the first products were introduced in 1986.

CAMEO Software Suite: Core Programs

The CAMEO software suite consists of four core programs, which can be used together or separately. When they are used together, the programs interact seamlessly and information can be linked easily between them.

- **CAMEO Data Manager:** A tool for managing data about chemicals stored or transported in your community, especially data required under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA).
- **CAMEO Chemicals:** A program with response recommendations and physical properties for thousands of hazardous chemicals, and it also includes a tool for predicting possible hazards that could occur if chemicals mix. The program is available in several formats, including a **CAMEO Chemicals app** for iOS and Android.
- **ALOHA®:** A hazard model that estimates how a chemical cloud travels in the air after a spill and identifies areas where a threat to people may exist. It also models some types of fires and explosions.
- **MARPLOT®:** A mapping tool used for assessing geospatial information for emergency incidents and creating custom maps.



Responders at the scene of a chemical incident. Image credit: U.S. Coast Guard



- Predict how wind, currents, and other processes might move and spread oil spilled on the water.
- Learn how these predictions of where and how oil might move are affected by *uncertainty* in observations and forecasts for ocean currents and wind.
- See how spilled oil is expected to change chemically and physically, known as *weathering*, during the time that it remains on the water surface.

To use GNOME, you describe a spill scenario by entering information into the program. GNOME then creates and displays an oil spill "movie" showing the predicted trajectory of the oil spilled in the scenario. In addition to this animation, GNOME estimates the amount of oil beached, still floating, or evaporated at specific times. Along with GNOME, most users also will want to download the Location Files for their regions of interest, such as the Gulf of Mexico or Pacific Region. Location Files contain prepackaged tide and current data and make it easier to work with GNOME.

GNOME was developed by the Emergency Response Division of NOAA's Office of Response and Restoration. **The latest version is GNOME 1.3.10, posted November 30, 2017.**

More Information about GNOME

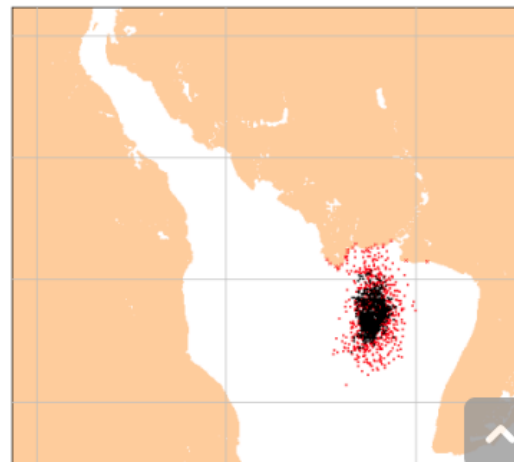
[Downloading, Installing, and Running GNOME](#): Download a Windows or Mac version of GNOME and view instructions for installing and running it.

[GNOME User's Manual and Tour](#): Download the GNOME Manual and try the *Learning the Basics* tour described in Chapter 2.

[GNOME Location Files and Associated Resources](#): Find files you can use to model spill scenarios set in particular areas (such as Prince William Sound, Alaska, or Long Island Sound, New York) and example problems you can work to build your understanding of GNOME.

[GNOME Toolkit](#): Get tools for displaying GNOME trajectories in ArcView 3.x and ArcMap 9.x/10.x.

[Frequently Asked Questions about GNOME](#): Find answers to frequently asked questions (FAQs) about GNOME, including how to get Location Files and how to use GNOME's Diagnostic Mode to create Diagnostic



LAYERS

Bookmarks

Clear Layers Collapse Folders Show Active Layers

Background Layers

Admin Boundaries & Reference Features

Reference Features and World Boundaries/Places

Reference World Transportation

World Time Zones

Federal Agency Regions & Offices

Geopolitical Boundaries

118th Congressional Districts (U.S. Census, 2022)

CACFP and SFSP Area Eligibility (USDA) (2020)

Municipal Boundaries, New Jersey (NJOIT 2014)

State Legislative Districts - Lower House (Atlantic)

State Legislative Districts - Upper House (Atlantic)

U.S. Counties (U.S. Census, 2016)

U.S. Federal Lands (USGS, 2020)

U.S. States and Provinces Boundaries

U.S. Population Density (U.S. Census 2020)

Tribal Lands

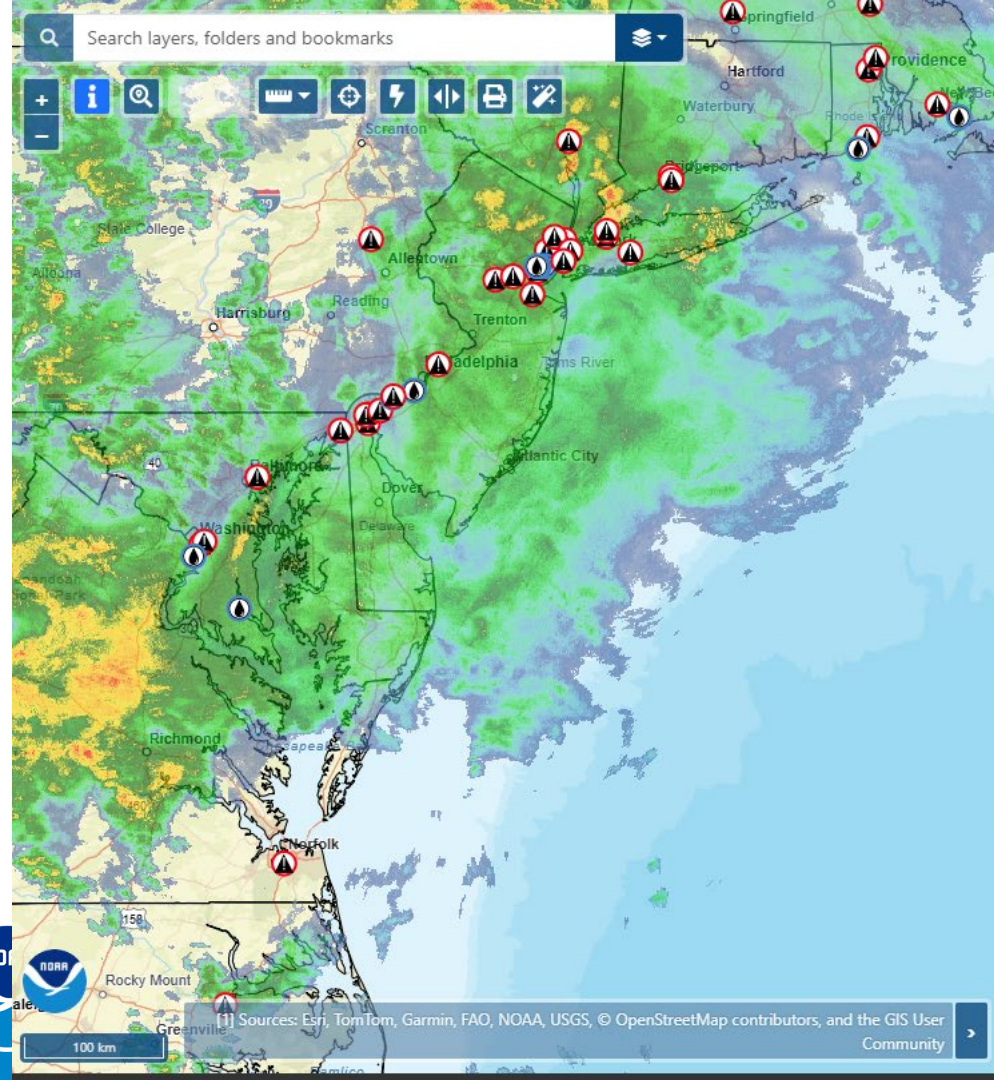
Grids & Graticules

Marine Jurisdictions

Bathymetry & Hydrology

Environmental Quality & Monitoring

Fish Consumption Advisories (EPA) (zoom dependent)



Sources: Esri, TomTom, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community





Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) Maps and Data

[ESI Maps](#) [Download ESIs](#) [ESI Basics](#) [Exercises](#) [Toolkit](#) [News](#)

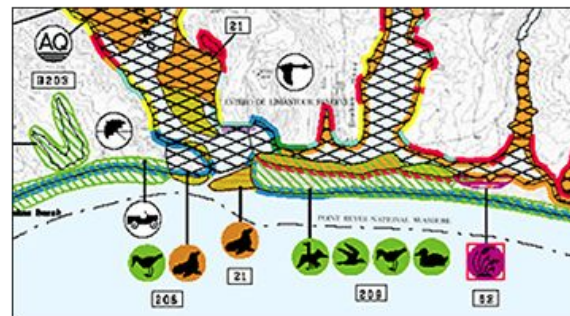
Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) maps provide a concise summary of coastal resources that are at risk if an oil or chemical spill occurs nearby. Examples of at-risk resources include biological resources (such as birds and shellfish beds), sensitive shorelines (such as marshes and tidal flats), and human-use resources (such as public beaches and parks).

When a spill occurs, ESI maps can help responders meet one of the main response objectives: reducing the environmental consequences of the spill and the cleanup efforts. Additionally, ESI maps can be used by planners—before a spill happens—to identify vulnerable locations, establish protection priorities, and identify cleanup strategies.

ESI maps and data are created by NOAA OR&R researchers, working with colleagues in state government agencies, federal government agencies, and industry. These maps and data would not be possible without [the support of these regional resource experts](#).

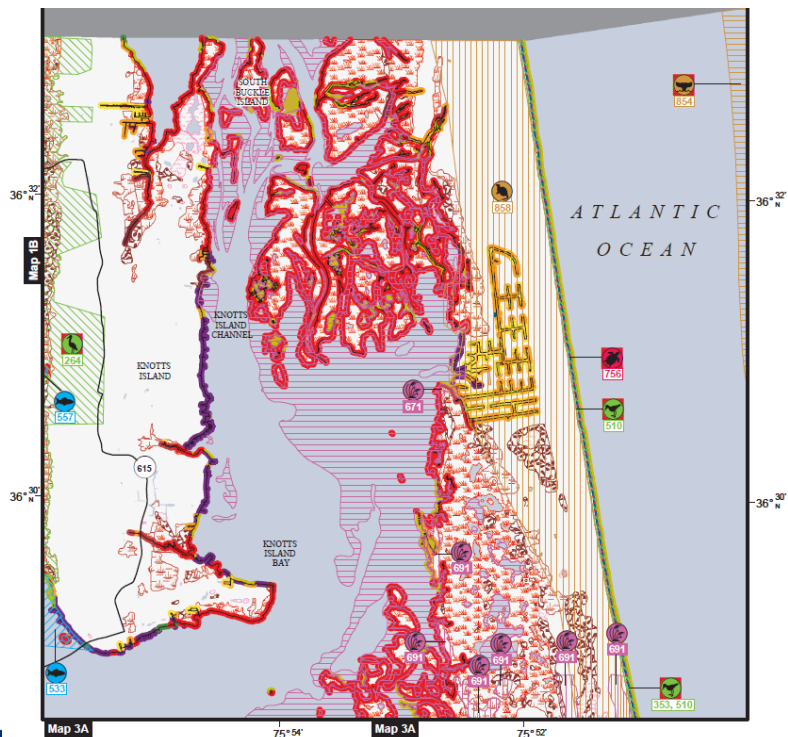
Access the ESI Products

- [Review ESI availability](#) to learn what products are available in your region of interest.
- [Download ESI maps and data](#) in a number of formats.



Shorelines on ESI maps are color-coded by sensitivity to oil. Symbols mark localized areas for biological and human-use resources.

ESI Maps

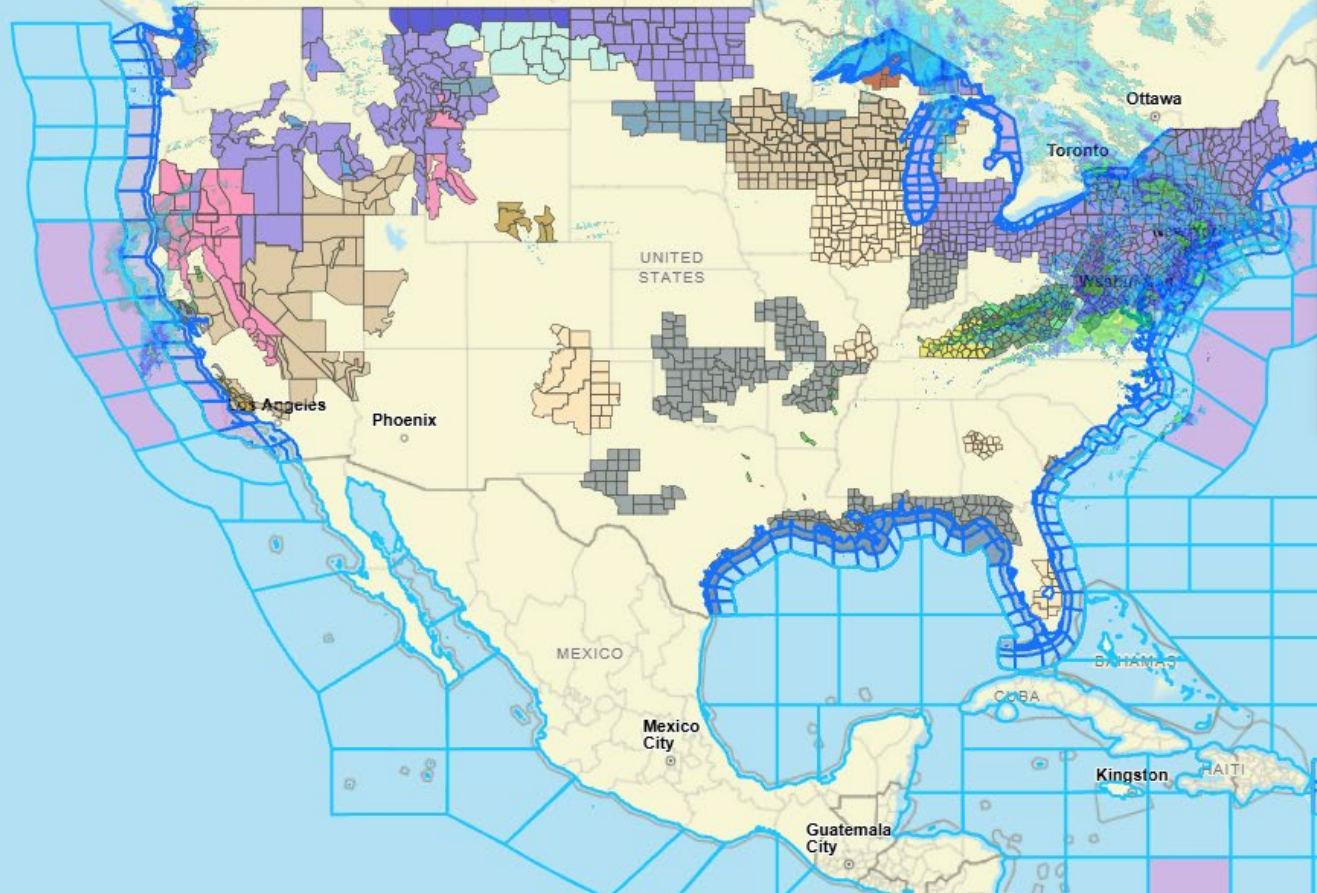


Map 1A
North Carolina

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

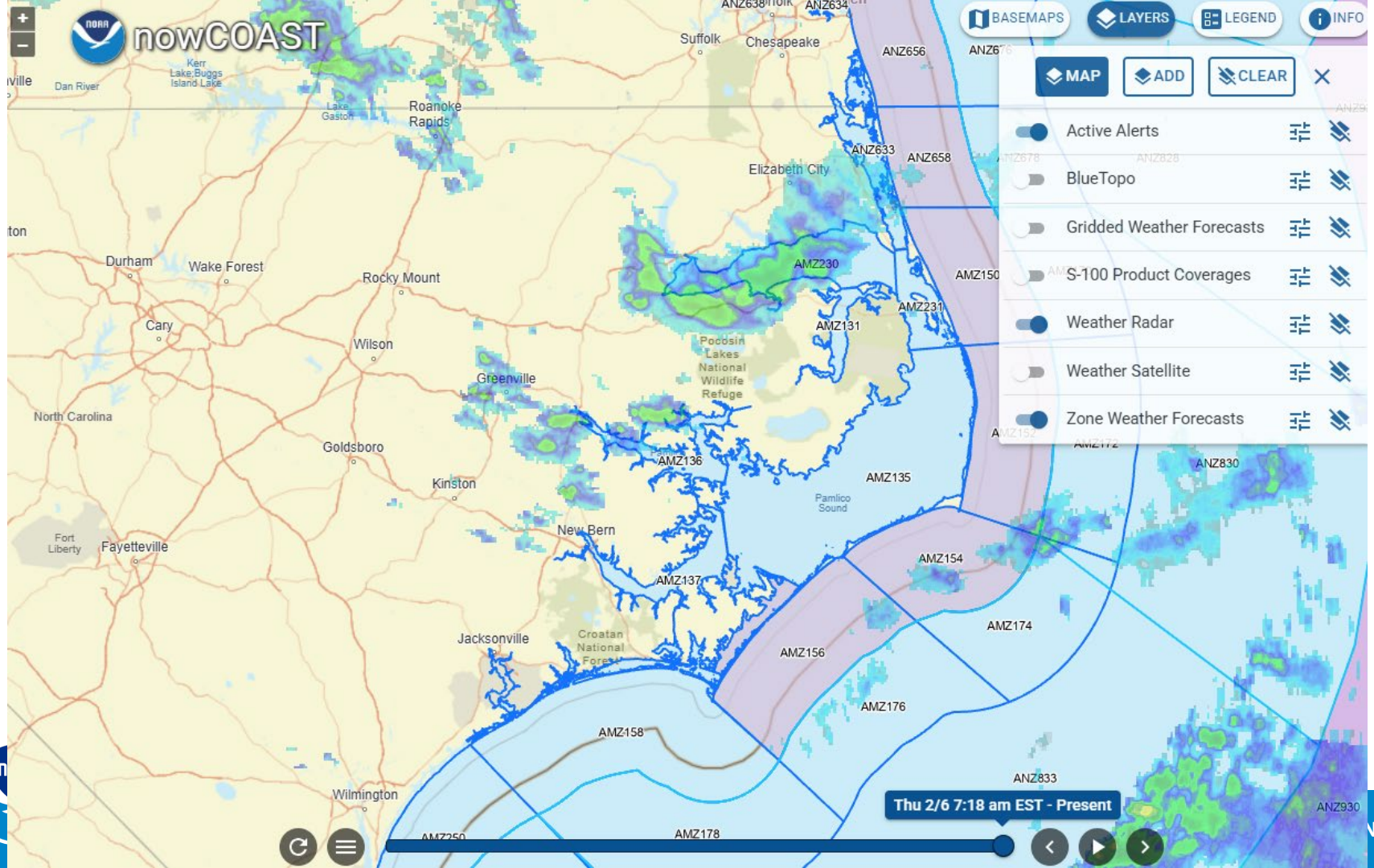
Note: An asterisk (*) indicates that life stage occurs in this range but not in all months included

DISPLAYED ON MAP																				
BENTHIC																				
							Monthly Presence													
							J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D		
Subelement	Species	Mapping Qualifier	S	F	Concentration															
SAV	Submerged aquatic veg	High Ecological Value			Present															
BIRDS																				
							Monthly Presence													
Map ID	Subelement	Species	Mapping Qualifier	S	F	Concentration	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	Nest	Mig.(S)
264	Wading	King rail	Concentration Area			High														
	Wading	Least bittern	Migration		C															Apr-May
	Wading	Virginia rail	Concentration Area			High														-
353	Shorebird	Piping plover	Nesting	E	E	1 Pair														Apr-Aug
510	Shorebird	Piping plover	Wintering	E	E	1S														Feb-Apr
	Shorebird	Red knot	Migration		T	100S														Apr-Jun
FISH																				
							Monthly Presence													
Map ID	Subelement	Species	Mapping Qualifier	S	F	Concentration	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	Spawn	Eggs
533	Diadromous	Alewife	Nursery Area			Present														-
	Diadromous	Blueback herring	Nursery Area			Present														-
557	Diadromous	Alewife	Spawning Area			Present														Mar-Jul
	Diadromous	American shad	Spawning Area			Present														Apr-Jun
	Diadromous	Blueback herring	Spawning Area			Present														Mar-Jul
HABITATS & RARE PLANTS																				
							Monthly Presence													
Map ID	Subelement	Species	Mapping Qualifier	S	F	Concentration	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D		
671	Plant	Winged primrose-willow	Vulnerable Occurrence			Current														
691	Upland	Rare upland community	Vulnerable Occurrence			Current														
REPTILES & AMPHIBIANS																				
							Monthly Presence													
Map ID	Subelement	Species	Mapping Qualifier	S	F	Concentration	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	Nest	Hatch
756	Turtle	Green sea turtle	Nesting	T	T	1 Nest														May-Aug
	Turtle	K. ridley sea turtle	Nesting	E	E	1 Nest														May-Aug
	Turtle	Leatherback sea turtle	Nesting	E	E	1 Nest														May-Aug
	Turtle	Loggerhead sea turtle	Nesting	T	T	0.3 Nests/Km														Jun-Sep



MAP ADD CLEAR X

- Active Alerts
- BlueTopo
- Gridded Weather Forecasts
- S-100 Product Coverages
- Weather Radar
- Weather Satellite
- Zone Weather Forecasts



- MAP
- ADD
- CLEAR
- Active Alerts
- BlueTopo
- Gridded Weather Forecasts
- S-100 Product Coverages
- Weather Radar
- Weather Satellite
- Zone Weather Forecasts

Thu 2/6 7:18 am EST - Present

Navigation controls including a refresh button, a menu icon, a timeline slider, and navigation arrows (back, play, forward).



DATA



TOOLS



TRAINING



STORIES



TOPICS



PARTNERS



ABOUT

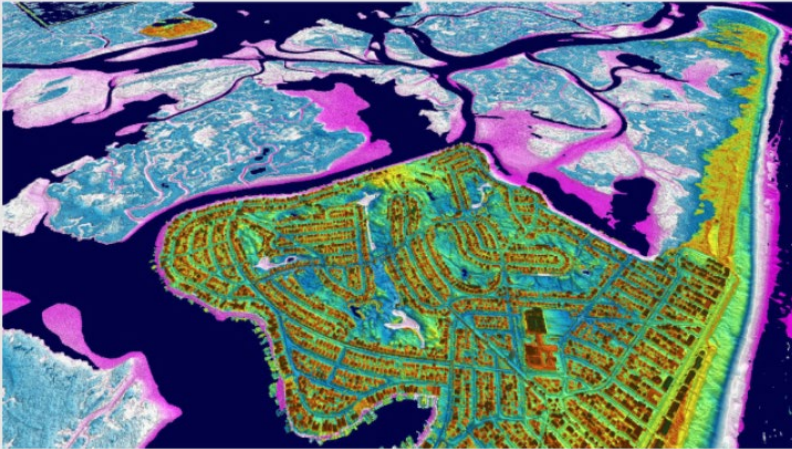


DIGITAL COAST

Dive in to Get the Data, Tools, and Training That
Communities Need to Address Coastal Issues

Working with Lidar

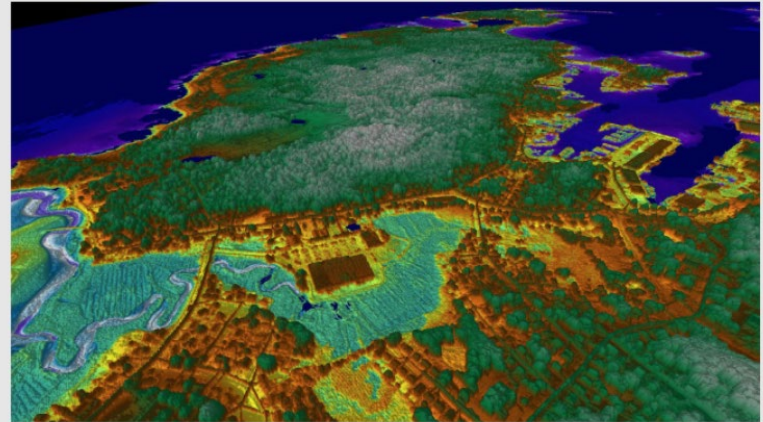
Define and Decide



Use a [checklist](#) to define the issue and a [decision tree](#) to decide if lidar is right for your project.

Launch

Identify Lidar-Derived Products



Quickly determine which lidar data products are needed for your project. Easily locate lidar data. See typical projects and the lidar products needed for your region.

Launch



PORTS

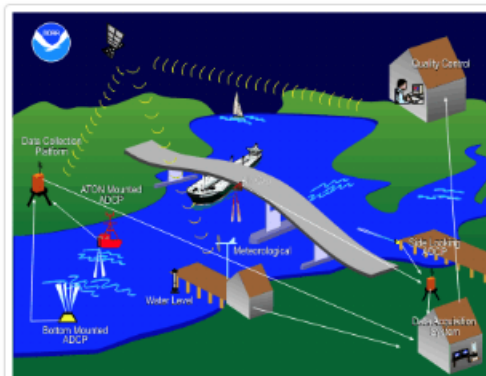
Cape Cod/Buzzards Bay
Charleston Harbor
Cherry Point
Chesapeake Bay North
Chesapeake Bay South
Corpus Christi
Cuyahoga
DCA Incident Response
Delaware River and Bay
Freeport
Houston/Galveston Bay
Hudson River Estuary
Humboldt Bay
Jacksonville
Kings Bay
Kitsap
Lake Charles
Los Angeles/Long Beach
Lower Columbia River
Lower Mississippi River
Matagorda Bay
Miami
Mobile Bay
Morgan City

PORTS[®] (Physical Oceanographic Real-Time System)

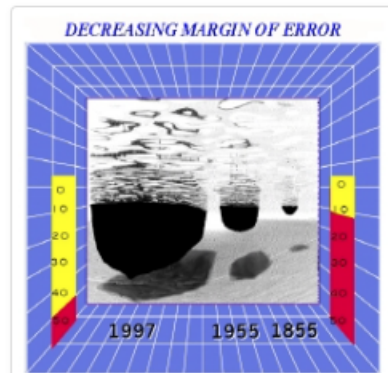
The National Ocean Service (NOS) is responsible for providing real-time oceanographic data and other navigation products to promote safe and efficient navigation within U.S. waters. The need for these products is great and rapidly increasing; maritime commerce has tripled in the last 50 years and continues to grow. Ships are getting larger, drawing more water and pushing channel depth limits to derive benefits from every last inch of draft. By volume, more than 95 percent of U.S. international trade moves through the nation's ports and harbors, with about 50 percent of these goods being hazardous materials. A major challenge facing the nation is to improve the economic efficiency and competitiveness of U.S. maritime commerce, while reducing risks to life, property, and the coastal environment. With increased marine commerce comes increased risks to the coastal environment, making marine navigation safety a serious national concern. From 1996 through 2000, for example, commercial vessels in the United States were involved in nearly 12,000 collisions, allisions, and groundings.

PORTS[®]

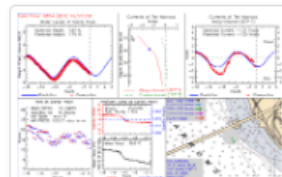
PORTS[®] is a decision support tool that improves the safety and efficiency of maritime commerce and coastal resource management through the integration of real-time environmental observations, forecasts and other geospatial information. PORTS[®] measures and disseminates observations and predictions of water levels, currents, salinity, and meteorological parameters (e.g., winds, atmospheric pressure, air and water temperatures) that mariners need to navigate safely.



PORTS graphic including a ship, water level gage, current meter and data collection platform.



*Draft Over the Years
Change in ship drafts over the years.*




PORTS composite data display.

PORTS® LINKS: [Text-based PORTS® Screen](#) [Mobile Device PORTS® Screen](#) [NWS Marine Weather Forecast](#) [Other Real-Time Weather Observations](#)

[MyPORTS \(Custom PORTS® Screen\)](#)

LEGEND

-  Water Levels Only
-  Met Only
-  Water Levels and Met
-  Currents
-  Wave Buoys
-  Air Gap

FILTER PRODUCTS

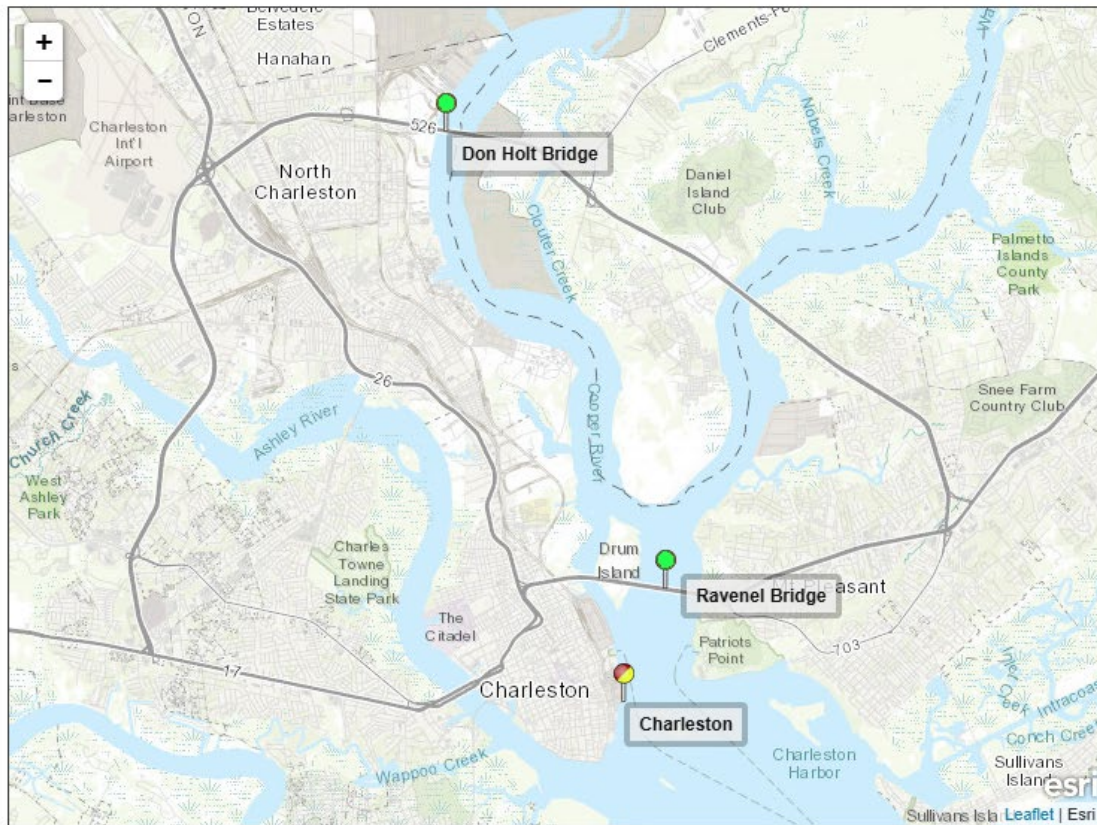
All Products ▼

SHOW DATA

None ▼

STATIONS

- Don Holt Bridge
- Ravenel Bridge
- Charleston



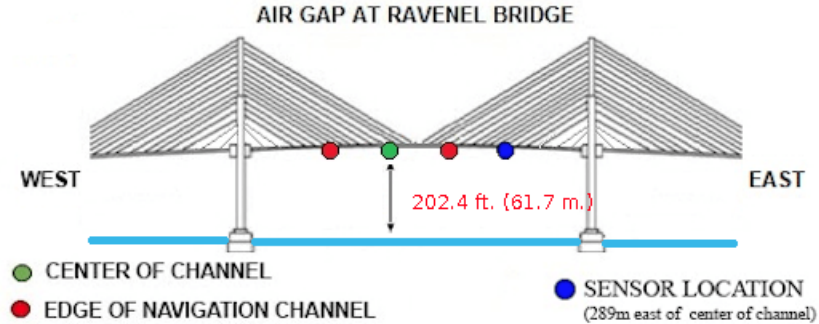
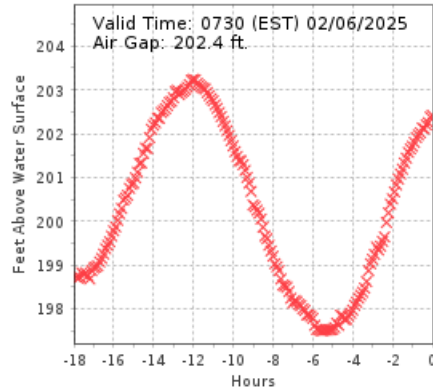
PORTS[®]: 8665353 Ravenel Bridge Air Gap, SC

Summary

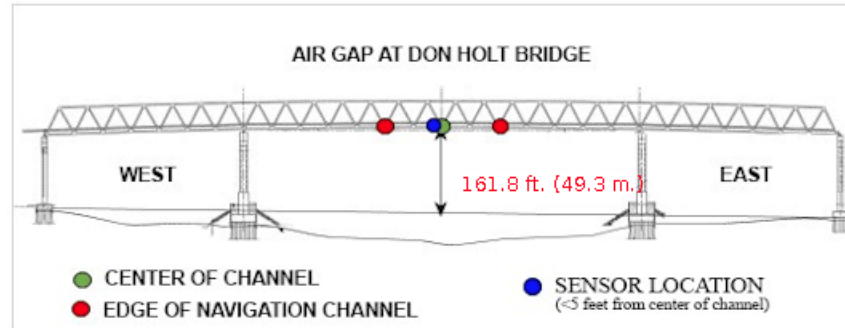
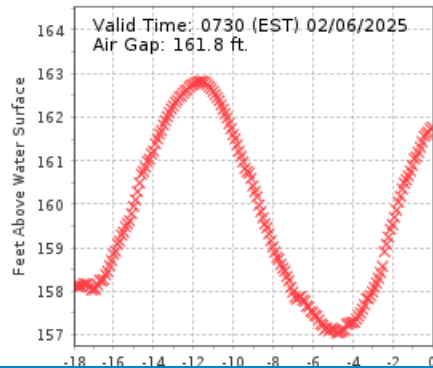
Air Gap

3 Days Air Gap

Air Gap at Ravenel Bridge



Air Gap at Don Holt Bridge



IOOS is our eyes on the ocean, coasts, and Great Lakes. We are an integrated network of people and technology gathering observing data and developing tracking and predictive tools to benefit the economy, the environment, and public safety at home, across the nation, and around the globe.


Week of 2/2: System status NORMAL. To check individual assets and information, visit ioos.us  and/or the [Environmental Sensor Map](#) .

My Interests Are... 

IOOS is ISO Google Summer of Code mentors & projects!

Ocean Enterprise - IOOS Newsletter - Fall 2024

NOS, Canada's Ocean Supercluster enter into Ocean Enterprise MOU


'Life in the Ocean Touches Everyone': U.S. Rolls Out First National Ocean Biodiversity Strategy



NOAA and the Ocean Enterprise



Ocean Enterprise Studies



Enhancing Coastal and Ocean Observing and Innovation Workshops: IOOS-OAR Workshops



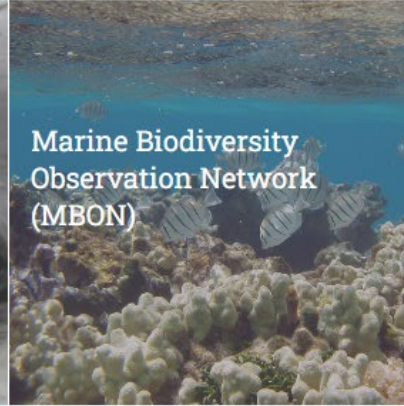
Eyes on the Storm: Hurricane Season Resources



Ocean Acidification



Animal Telemetry Network



Marine Biodiversity Observation Network (MBON)



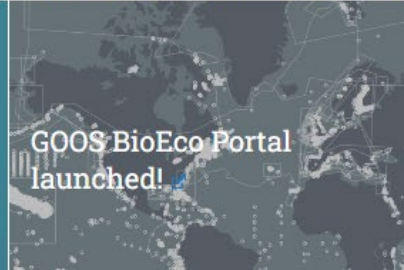
Biden-Harris Administration identifies 4 business 'accelerators' to boost the Blue Economy



A Welcome and a farewell for the U.S. IOOS Advisory Committee



DOE and NOAA Announce Winners of Ocean Observing Prize BUILD Contest



GOOS BioEco Portal launched!



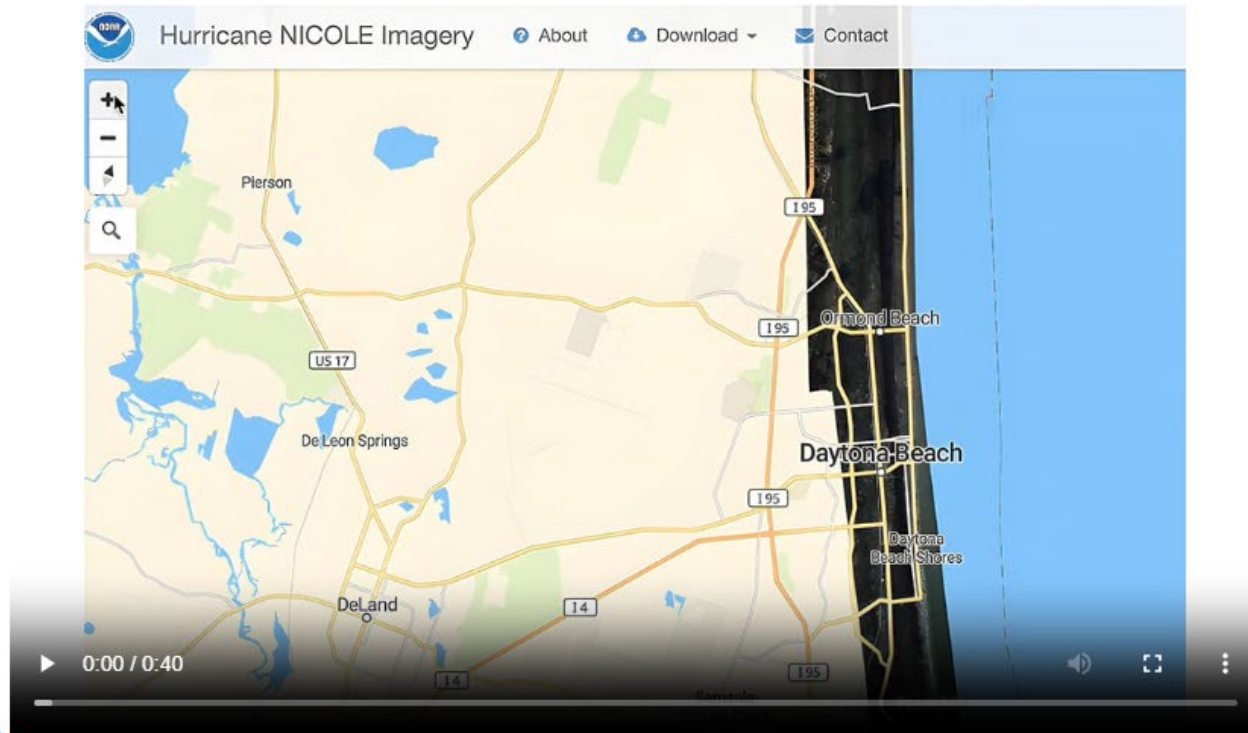
Ocean Technology Transition

Feedback

MENT

NOAA's Emergency Response Imagery

How to use the National Geodetic Survey's online viewer to explore aerial images following major natural disasters.



More Information

[Tips on Viewing National Geodetic Survey Aerial Imagery](#)

[National Geodetic Survey Emergency Response Imagery](#)

[National Geodetic Survey Remote Sensing Division](#)

[NOAA Office of Marine and Aviation Operations](#)

[NOS Aerial Photography and Shoreline Mapping](#)



Emergency Response Imagery

National Geodetic Survey

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[Tools](#)

[Surveys](#)

[Science & Education](#)

Search



The imagery posted on this site was acquired by the **NOAA Remote Sensing Division** to support NOAA homeland security and emergency response requirements. In addition, it will be used for ongoing research efforts for testing and developing standards for airborne digital imagery.

Tips for navigating the Emergency Response Imagery Viewer.

Navigation

[National Geodetic Survey](#)

[Pre-Event Imagery](#)

Contact Us

[Content and Technical Issues](#)

[Comments and Policy Issues](#)

Emergency Response Imagery:

California Fire (2025)

Hurricane Milton (2024)

Hurricane Helene (2024)

Hurricane Francine (2024)

Hurricane Debby (2024)

Hurricane Lee (2023)

Hurricane Idalia (2023)

Maui Fire (2023)

Hurricane Nicole (2022)

Hurricane Ian (2022)



